Consumer Price Index

Web Exercise

1. Food- 3.6%

Shelter- 1.1%

Household operations and furnishings- 2.5%

Clothing and footwear- 2.1%

Transportation- -2.3%

Health and personal care- 1.1%

Recreation, education and reading- 2.1%

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products- 2.8%

1. 1.3%
2. Food- 3.4%

Shelter- 2.2%

Household operations and furnishings- 2.5%

Clothing and footwear- 0.2%

Transportation- -3.5%

Health and personal care- 1.0%

Recreation, education and reading- 2.1%

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products- 2.7%.

1. Saskatchewan had the largest increase in C.P.I. with a change of 1.9%. This indicates that employment rates are comparably high, people are earning more revenue and consumer spending is comparably high creating higher demands for products and services.

Prince Edward Island had the lowest increase in C.P.I. with a change of -0.1%. This indicates. This indicates that people in Prince Edward Island are earning less revenue compared to those of other provinces. This creates a low demand for goods and services thus reducing the price.

1. The largest increase that affects Canada’s C.P.I is food which is an increase of 3.6% compared to Canada’s overall increase of 1.3%.